The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

## Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.2020
SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND CO	MPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Product name	: Shell Omala S4 WE 320	
Product code	: 001D7858	
Manufacturer or supplier's	details	
Supplier	: TransDiesel Limited NZBN 9429036551132 533 Halswell Junction Road Christchurch 8042 New Zealand	
Telephone Telefax	: 0800 848 267 (All Hours) :	
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 848 267 (All Hours)	
Recommended use of the	chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Gear lubricant.	

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. Not classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2017., Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport, according to NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

#### Hazard classification

#### GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	Prevention:
	No precautionary phrases.
	Response:

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6

Revision Date 01.07.2020 No precautionary phrases. Print Date 02.07.2020

#### Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

#### Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

:

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Phenol, isopropylated, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate < 5%]	68937-41-7	Repr.2; H361 STOT RE2; H373 Aquatic Chronic4; H413	0.1 - 0.5
(4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid	3115-49-9	Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Corr.1B; H314 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H401 Aquatic Chronic1; H411	0.01 - 0.099

Blend of polyalkylene glycol and additives.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

## Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020 are swallowed, however, get mee	Print Date 02.07.2020 dical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sym of black pustules and spots on th Ingestion may result in nausea, v	e skin of exposed areas.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ens appropriate personal protective e incident, injury and surroundings	equipment according to the
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.	

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.2020
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accider Prevent from spreading by making or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an abs Soak up residue with an absorben suitable material and dispose of pr	a barrier with sand, earth orbent. t such as clay, sand or other
Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of person see Section 8 of this Safety Data S For guidance on disposal of spilled this Safety Data Sheet.	Sheet.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6

Revision Date 01.07.2020

Print Date 02.07.2020

Components with workplace control parameters

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	<ul> <li>The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.</li> </ul>
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information:
	Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.
	Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.
	Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.
	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or
	maintenance.
	Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.
	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as
	washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.
	· -

#### Personal protective equipment

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

rsion 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.202
Protective measures		
Personal protective equipm PPE suppliers.	ent (PPE) should meet recommended r	national standards. Check with
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordir conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industriprecautions should be taken to a lf engineering controls do not ma concentrations to a level which is health, select respiratory protect specific conditions of use and m Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the cor and vapours and particles [Type (149°F)].</li> </ul>	ial hygiene practices, avoid breathing of material. aintain airborne s adequate to protect worker ion equipment suitable for the eeting relevant legislation. e equipment suppliers. e suitable, select an < and filter. nbination of organic gases
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the pro- gloves approved to relevant star US: F739) made from the follow suitable chemical protection. PV gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and durati resistance of glove material, dex from glove suppliers. Contamina replaced. Personal hygiene is a care. Gloves must only be worn gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed m	ndards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ing materials may provide C, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on ion of contact, chemical sterity. Always seek advice ited gloves should be key element of effective hand on clean hands. After using d and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we record breakthrough time of more than for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves of may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long a and replacement regimes are for a good predictor of glove resistant dependent on the exact compost Glove thickness should be typication depending on the glove make ar	240 minutes with preference e gloves can be identified. For recommend the same but fering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance llowed. Glove thickness is no nce to a chemical as it is ition of the glove material. ally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that in protective eyewear is recommer	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily r work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemi	

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6 Revision Date 01.07.2020 Print Date 02.07.2020

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.</li> <li>Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.</li> </ul>
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#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	colourless
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-39 °C / -38 °FMethod: ISO 3016
Melting / freezing point		Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	:	270 °C / 518 °F Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	1.069 (15 °C / 59 °F)
Density	:	1,069 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185

Solubility(ies)

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020 Print Date 02	2.07.2020
Water solubility	: Moderate	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products	3)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 321 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: Unspecified	
	52.7 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: Unspecified	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulate	or.

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and
	the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise,
	the data presented is representative of the product as a
	whole, rather than for individual component(s).

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6		Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.2020	
Information on likely routes of	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary ro	•	
exposure		although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.		
Acute toxicity				
Product:				
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg		
		Remarks: Low toxicity:		
		Based on available data, the classificat	ion criteria are not met.	
Acute inhalation toxicity		Remarks: Based on available data, the	classification criteria	
Acute initialation toxicity	•	are not met.		
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg		
		Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classificat	tion criteria are not met	
			ion chiena are not met.	

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Components:

(4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid: Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

#### Chronic toxicity

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

Product:

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6

Revision Date 01.07.2020

Print Date 02.07.2020

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Phenol, isopropylated, phosphate (3:1) [Triphenyl phosphate < 5%]	No carcinogenicity classification.
(4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Possible risk of impaired fertility., Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

## Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.2020		
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Basis for assessment	: Ecotoxicological data have not be for this product. Information given is based on a k and the ecotoxicology of similar p Unless indicated otherwise, the c representative of the product as a individual component(s).(LL/EL/II nominal amount of product require extract).	knowledge of the components products. data presented is a whole, rather than for L50 expressed as the		
Ecotoxicity				
Product:				
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas			
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas			
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the clas			
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	: Remarks: Data not available			
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available			
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available			
Persistence and degradability				
Product:				
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegrada inherently biodegradable, but cor persist in the environment.			
Bioaccumulative potential				
Product:				
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components bioaccumulate.	with the potential to		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on products)	information on similar		
Mobility in soil				

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.2020
Product:		
Mobility	<ul> <li>Remarks: Liquid under most enviro enters soil, it will adsorb to soil part mobile.</li> </ul>	
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Does not have ozone depletion pot ozone creation potential or global v is a mixture of non-volatile compon released to air in any significant qu conditions of use.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., Causes ph organisms.</li> </ul>	varming potential., Product ents, which will not be antities under normal

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues	<ul> <li>Recover or recycle if possible.</li> <li>It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.</li> <li>Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses</li> </ul>
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal methods, including disposal of packaging, should be in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## **National Regulations**

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

# Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6

Revision Date 01.07.2020

Print Date 02.07.2020

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2012 -NZS 5433 Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **International Regulations**

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

R-phrase(s)	:	Not classified.
S-phrase(s)	:	Not classified.

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices November 2017. New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

#### Other international regulations

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	Notified with Restrictions.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT RE

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

## Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.2020		
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.			
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity			
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard			
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard			
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity			
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion			
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation			

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch -Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS -Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### **Further information**

Training advice	: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.
Other information	: A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
Sources of key data used to	: The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more

The content and format of this SDS is in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017

## Shell Omala S4 WE 320

Version 1.6	Revision Date 01.07.2020	Print Date 02.07.2020
compile the Safety Data	sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell	
Sheet	Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU	
	IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regula	ation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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